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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/882,038	06/18/2001	Ron Kimmel	10005732	1369
7590 . 05/19/2004 HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY Intellectual Property Administration P.O. Box 272400 Fort Collins, CO 80527-2400			EXAMINER	
			VIDA, MELANIE M	
			ART UNIT •	PAPER NUMBER
			2626	
			DATE MAILED: 05/19/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
-	09/882,038	KIMMEL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Melanie M Vida	2626				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron t, cause the application to become ABANDON	mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 M	larch 200 <u>4</u> .					
•						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims		,				
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 2-10 and 13-27 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ⊠ Claim(s) 2-10, 13-16 is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 17-27 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So tion is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applica prity documents have been receiv nu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. This action is responsive to an amendment filed 3/12/04. Claims 2-10, and 13-27 are pending. Claims 1 and 11-12 are cancelled. Applicants have amended claims 2, 7, 9, 10, 13, 16, 17, 25.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 19, are persuasive, but are moot in view of new ground(s) of rejection. In view of the Applicant's remarks, it is agreed that Balasubramanian does not disclose that an image pyramid is constructed from an input image, or that each resolution layer is processed, which includes completing a gradient iteration, as set forth in claim 19, and in the Attorney's remarks on pages 19-20. Thus a new grounds of rejection of Van de Velde et al. is applied below, US-PAT-NO: 6,731,790 B1, (hereinafter, Van de Velde) in claim 19. A new grounds of rejection of Balasubramanian et al. US-PAT-NO: 6,646,762 and further in view of Van de Velde, US-PAT-NO: 6,731,790 B1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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4. Claims 17, 18, 19-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding, claim 17, it is unclear to the Examiner from the claim language, what the applicant is specifically calling an "image difference problem". The Examiner understands that an "image difference problem" can include a wide variety of image differences caused by input/output image color gamut mapping, comparisons of input images with decompressed output images, to name a few. Image differences can also refer to comparisons during various stages of image processing, such as post image processing, (i.e. image enhancement), or image pre-processing (such as color transformations). It appears from the claim language and from the specification that the Applicants are referring to image differences caused by a color gamut mapping from a first colorimetric value to a second colorimetric value. Clarifying language is needed in this claim.

Furthermore, it is unclear to the Examiner from the claim language, what the applicant defines as a "space varying algorithm". A "space varying algorithm" appears to be an adaptive algorithm that adapts a type of image processing to specific local features in an image. This can broadly mean adaptive halftoning, or adaptive compression, to name a few. It appears from the claim language, and from the specification that the Applicants refer to a "space varying algorithm" as a gradient descent algorithm. Further, clarifying language is necessary in the claims.

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Regarding, claim 18, it is unclear to the Examiner whether "a normalized steepest descent value" refers to the parameter " L_i " or " μ_{NSD} " in line 7;

Regarding, claims 19-20, there appears to be a lack of antecedent basis in the execution of the steps for processing each resolution layer, as specifically recited in claim 19. It is noted by the Examiner, in claim 19, lines 7-10, the steps of processing each resolution layer includes, "calculating a gradient G;" "completing a gradient descent iteration; and", "projecting the completed gradient descent iteration onto constraints;" "computing an output image using the processed resolution layers", (lines 9-10). However, in claim 20, the gradient G is calculated as a function of the output image (u) and the input image (u_0). Based on the claim language, and a thorough investigation of the specification it is unclear to the Examiner how the Applicants are "calculating a gradient G" in claim 19, as a function of the output image, as specified by the equation in claim 20, before "computing an output image", in the following step of claim 19. Clarifying language is needed in these claims.

Claim 23 is unclear to the Examiner because the specification and the claim do not clearly define what the "initial conductive L_0 " means, (line 5-6).

Claim 18 recites the following limitations:

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"u" in line 5;
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"u_o" in line 5;

 $\alpha_{\rm K}$ in line 5;

" $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{LAP}}$ " in line 6;

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"k" in line 6;
"Lj" in line 7;
"j" in line 7;
"µNSD" in line 7;
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There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 21 recites the following limitations:

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"L_j" in line 3;
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There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 25 recites the following limitations:

"the following variational problem" in lines 2-3;

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claims 22, 24, and 26-27 are rejected under 35 USC 112 second paragraph for depending on claim 19.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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6. Claims 17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Van de Velde et al. US-PAT-NO: 6,731,790 B1, (hereinafter, Van de Velde).

Regarding, claim 17, Van de Velde inherently teaches, "a computer-readable memory" as evidenced by an algorithm for image reconstruction, (col. 9, lines 1-3). Van de Velde, as shown in figure 1, teaches of mapping a color space in R, G, B, to L, u, v, and L, u, v, to L', u', v' colour space, and finally, a color gamut mapping from L', u', v' to R', G', B' colour space, which reads on "for color gamut mapping, comprising an instruction set for executing color gamut mapping steps, the steps, comprising:" (col. 3, lines 29-65 through col. 4, line 5). Van de Velde teaches a method for enhancing the resolution of colour images by converting the R, G, B colour space to L, u, v perceptual colour space, and re-scaling L, u, v, to obtain a modified L', u', v', colour space, and converting perceptual colour space back to modified RGB color space, which reads on "converting first colorimetric values of an original image to second colorimetric values", (col. 3, lines 29-65 through col. 4, line 5). Van de Velde inherently teaches, "wherein output values are constrained within a gamut of the output device" as evidenced in applying a colour transform to obtain R'G'B' colour space, a representation that is compatible with additive colour reproduction systems, (col. 3, lines 39-34; col. 8, lines col. 9, lines 1-2; lines 9-11). The method, as shown in figure 2, decomposes an original colour image into a corresponding multiscale gradient representation by a discrete gradient in a horizontal and vertical direction, which reads on "using a space varying algorithm", (col. 5, lines 10-15). Additionally, it is an objective to modify perceptual colour differences represented by a difference in the Luv colour space distances between colors in Euclidian space, which reads on "that solves an image difference problem", (col. 3, lines 49-52; col. 5, lines 6-10; col. 8, lines 13-20). The norm of the color

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gradient at a resolution level is changed without affecting the direction such that unwanted colour shifts is avoided in a reconstructed colour enhanced image, which reads on "optimizing a solution to the image difference problem wherein the instruction set further comprises steps for:" (col. 8, lines 20-27). The L, u, v colour planes are decomposed into a multi-resolution representation at difference resolution layers, which reads on "decimating the input image to create one or more resolution layers", (col. 4, lines 8-12). Additionally, other kinds of multi-resolution representations such as a Laplacian pyramid representation, which reads on "wherein the one or more resolution layers comprise an image pyramid", (col. 4, lines 34-37). An image is reconstructed from its multi-scale gradient representation by recursively applying equations 6-9 for j=K-1 to 0, (see figure 3), which reads on "solving the image difference problem for each of the one or more resolution layers", (col. 7, lines 30-33).

Regarding, claim 19, Van de Velde, as shown in figure 1, teaches a sequence of image steps for decomposing, modifying, and reconstructing an image, which reads on "a method of image enhancement using gamut mapping, comprising: receiving an input image", (col. 2, lines 65-67; col. 3, lines 62-67). Furthermore, Van de Velde states that from the input R,G, B image converted to L, u, v, image, which reads on "from the input image," constructing multi-resolution representations such as a pyramid representations, which reads on "constructing an image pyramid", (col. 4, lines 34-37). As shown in figure 2, the details of the decomposition of a colour component image into a corresponding multi-scale gradient representation, which reads on "processing each resolution layer, wherein the processing includes completing a gradient iteration, by:" (col. 5, lines 10-15). The discrete gradient, G_jI of each approximation image is then calculated by applying the formula in equation 2, which reads on "calculating a gradient

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G;", (col. 5, lines 60-67). The projection of the completed gradient descent iteration is subject to the constraint that a representation can only be useful for the problem of image enhancement if the decomposition process is reversible, which reads on "projecting the completed gradient descent iteration onto constraints;" (col. 6, lines 12-18). Equation 6 expresses that the subsampled version of the approximation image can be recovered from the coarser approximation image and the gradient of the approximation image, which reads on "projecting the completed gradient descent iteration onto constraints;" (col. 6, lines 62-65). As shown in figure 3, an image is reconstructed from its multi-scale gradient representation by recursively applying equations (6) through (9), which reads on "and computing an output image using the processed resolution layers", (col. 7, lines 30-34).

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 2-10, 13-16, 18, and 20-27 are allowed. The claims are allowable because the prior art of record specifically, Balasubramanian et al, US-PAT-NO: 6,646,762 and Van de Velde et al. US-PAT-NO: 6,731,790 B1 fail to teach or suggest the collective features of the invention, such as the image difference problem, represented by the equation, E(u).

Claims 18 and 20-27 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 18 and 20-27 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Melanie M Vida whose telephone number is (703) 306-4220.

The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Kimberly A Williams can be reached on (703) 305-4863. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Melanie M Vida Examiner

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MMV

May 13, 2004